ExPixel: PixelShader for multiplex-image hiding in consumer 3D flat panels

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Motivation: Beyond 3D display

In recent years, 3D technology has become so widespread that the technology alone no longer fascinates viewers. New breakthroughs are necessary to keep the audience entertained. Thus, a generic multiplexing technique using existing 3D stereoscopic technology was developed. This breakthrough 3D technology enables the viewing of two contents in one single screen at the same time.

It is considered to meet users' expectations. The application of multiplex image hiding techniques to the widespread consumer 3D flat panels without any hardware modification can be valuable in terms of the new usage of 3D devices.

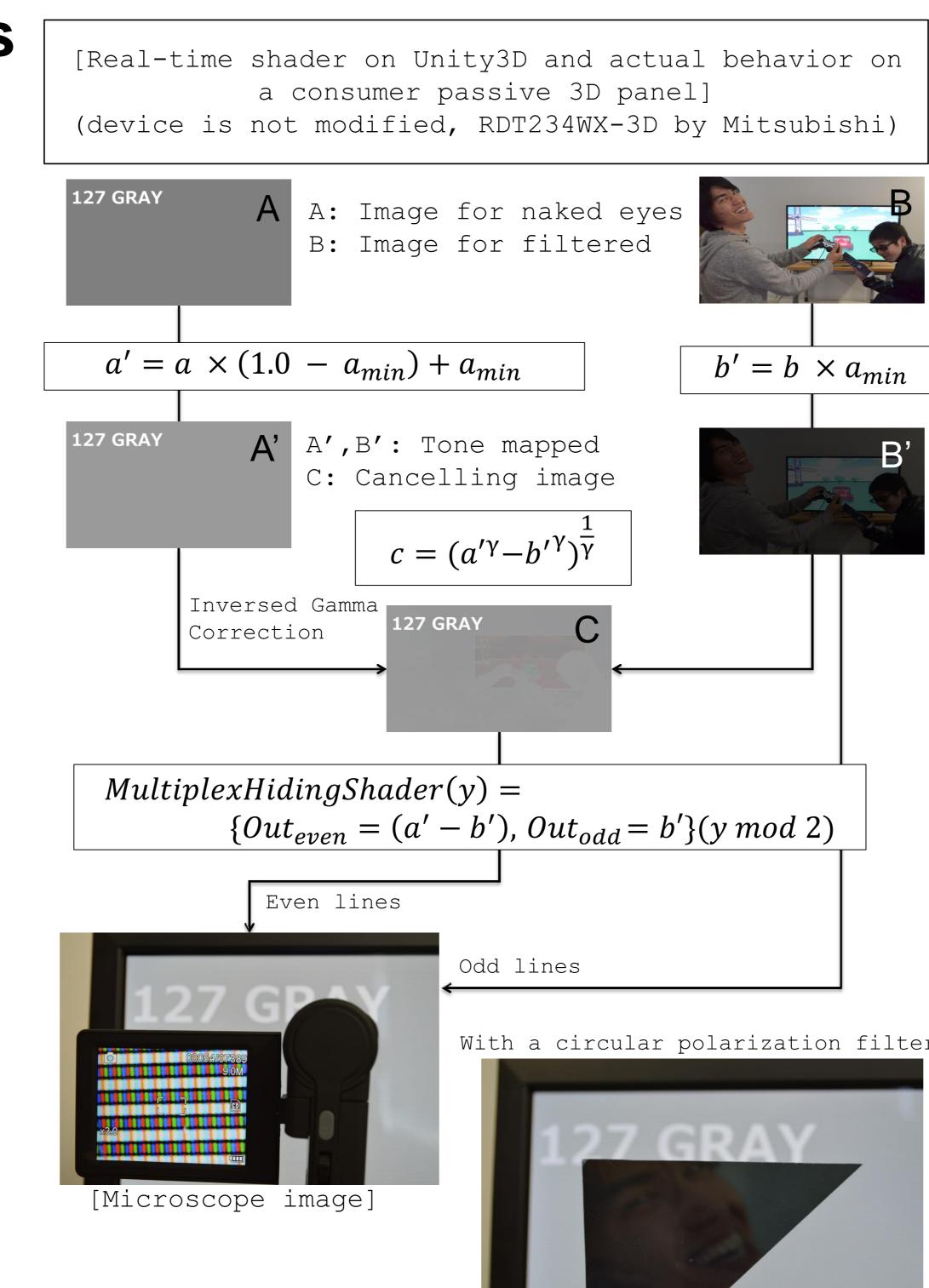


[A result of ExPixel, multiplex-hidden image]

Challenge: multiplex-image hiding on 3D flat panels

based on an existing line-by-line correction. polarized device, such as Xpol and/or CINEMA3D. In this line-by-line

Polarization glasses, a passive 3D method, each line is designed for stereoscopic technology that shows either the left or the right eye, and the two images with the parallax to the two lines right above and below it are right and left eyes, are currently the to be seen by the other eye. A 3D most widely used 3D technique in stereoscopic view is seen when this virtual reality and movie theaters. In setup is viewed with polarized glasses. previous research, "ScritterHDR" and As a first result, multiple imagery "2x3D" were proposed to realize works well in most consumer products. multiplex-image hiding using a multi- Two images A and B are turned into projection-based technique [Nagano et images made of odd and even pixel al. 2010; Fujimura et al. 2012]. These lines, respectively, and combined to techniques are valuable in maintaining display image AB on a flat panel the resolution in large displays, such as screen. This approach is similar to the in theaters. However, the stacked SimulView technique by SONY's projector setup is complicated and passive 3D display. For hidden requires a large space for consumer imagery as a new function, each image use at home. The application of the is mapped into a limited range of multiplex-image hiding imagery actual devices, such as 0-255, and technique was used on a 3D flat panel image cancelation considers gamma









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ExPixel:

PixelShader for line-by-line multiplex hiding

Using the following algorithm, image C may be placed on the even line and image B on the odd line. This multiplex hidden image is called "ExPixel." A real-time PixelShader technique operates this algorithm on GPU.

To make this multiplex-image hiding method accessible, Unity 3D plugin was developed for the easy use of programmers and artists in creating new games and contents. "ExPixel" increases the interactivity of current display. Therefore, game developers and artists have a new way to express themselves and create new types of works.

MultiplexHidingShader(y) = $\{Out_{even} = (a' - b'), Out_{odd} = b'\}(y \ mod \ 2)$

Applications

Using Scene	Naked Eye	Hidden Eye	Experience
Presentation	Listener	Presenter	Only presenter can check scenario.
Classroom	No hint	Hint available	Show hints for student who needs hint.
Museum	Children	Adult	Explications for different age.
Shop	Non member	Member	Show special price for registered member.
Sightseeing	Children	Adult	Explications for different interests.
Medical	Patient	Doctor	Supplementary information which should not be shown to patients.
Municipal services	Local residents	People from abroad	Communication tool between domestic people and foreigner.

Reference

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[2]NAGANO, K., UTSUGI, T., HIRANO, M., HAMADA, T., SHIRAI, A., AND NAKAJIMA, M. 2010. A new "multiplex content" displaying system compatible with current 3d projection tech-nology. In ACM SIGGRAPH 2010 Posters, ACM, New York, NY, USA, SIGGRAPH '10, 79:1–79:1.